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The Daily Gazetteer.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 1. 1739. No. 1333.

The Abſurdity of the *Preſent Faction ſtyling themſelves* THE COUNTRY PARTY.

IT has been the Practice of the Traiterous and Deſigning in every Country, when a Scheme has been form'd againſt the Liberties of a People, to fix upon ſome particular Expreſſion (no Matter how foreign from their Purpoſe its true Meaning) to diſtinguiſh *themſelves* from *the People*; which *Cant Phraſe* is always annexed a Senſe it does not expreſs; whereby a Party ſeems to be more cloſely united, by underſtanding each other, while the reſt of Mankind, who are ignorant of their *Intention*, are equally unacquainted with their *Language*.

On all theſe Occaſions, where the *worſt Purpoſes* have been intended, it has been found moſt eligible to chuſe ſuch Phraſes as convey an Idea of a *general Good Tendency*, the Unwary of every Rank being apt to form a Judgment in ſome Meaſure conformable to the Name aſſumed.

Thus of late Years we have had the COUNTRY PARTY, the COUNTRY INTEREST, &c. echo'd from one Malecontent Writer to another, with as much Aſſurance as if the bare Uſe of the *Name* of their Country would atone for the moſt notorious Oppoſition to its Honour and Intereſt.

The Uſe of this Phraſe among the modern Malecontents began with the very indefatigable Mr. *Amhurſt*'s aſſuming to himſelf the Title of *The Country Journaliſt*, after Experience had taught him that the Name of a *Temporary Critick* was too remote from his Purpoſes.

I am ſenſible there *was* a Time when the *Country* and *Court* Parties were properly enough diſtinguiſh'd; when the *Prince* conſider'd the Intereſt of the *Country* no further than it conduc'd to his own arbitrary Ends; when *Placemen* were indeed *Penſioners*, being, moſt of them, ſuch as had *only* the *Favour of the Crown* to depend upon for *Support*, and who, from the utter Deſtruction of their Country, had ſcarcely among them a Freehold of 5 *l. per Ann.* to loſe; when the *Prerogative of the Crown* was openly oppoſed to the *Privileges of the People*, and an *Edict from Whitehall* apply'd the End of the united Voice of the Three Branches of the Legiſlature; when the Charters of Corporations were allowed no more Force than was barely to facilitate the Introduction of abſolute Sway, and to defeat the Intention of granting them: —At ſuch a Time there was, indeed, apparent Cauſe for diſtinguiſhing the *Friends* of the *Country* from the *Servants* of the *Court*.

But under the Government of a Prince whoſe Title is founded in the *Proteſtant* Conſtitution of theſe Realms, and whoſe mild and generous Adminiſtration being ſolely influenced by the Intereſt of *Great Britain*, has now ſo long convinced every unbiaſs'd Subject, of his Inclination to preſerve our Liberties without Violation; —— under ſuch a Government, every Attempt to ſeparate the Intereſt of *King* and *People*, by the invidious Diſtinction of *Country* and *Court*, is manifeſtly no other, however it may be diſguiſed, than a *Separating the* PEOPLE FROM THEMSELVES.

This will very evidently appear from the cloſeſt Enquiry into the Worth and Character of the Gentlemen who are moſt zealous in the Intereſt of his Majeſty and his Government; among whom are ſuch as poſſeſs the largeſt Fortunes in the *Britiſh* Dominions, and conſequently whoſe *Intereſt* lies in the Proſperity of the Nation, while their *Duty* to the Publick, and their Attachment to his Majeſty, and the Proteſtant Succeſſion, incline them chearfully to ſhare in the Support of an Adminiſtration which knows no Extent beyond the *Laws of the Realm*, nor any Limitation ſhort of the Peace and *Happineſs of the People*.

This is ſo obvious, even with regard to Places of ſmaller Conſideration, that the Enemies of our Conſtitution have weakly urged the *Command of the Army* (in particular) being in the Hands of Gentlemen of Family and Fortune, as *dangerous* to our *Liberties*; —— when no other Means can be ſo effectual for *preſerving* them, and for removing all Jealouſy of our Land-Forces being deſign'd to prejudice our Freedom, as to have it in the Hands of ſuch as from the Sufferings of the People muſt themſelves be the moſt conſiderable Sufferers.

From hence will, in a great Meaſure, appear, the certain bad Tendency of ſuch Writings as are devoted to ſpread a Diviſion ſo unnatural and ſo dangerous, as that of *Country* and *Court*; which Expreſſions, tho' they have been for ſome Years continually uſed by the Mouths of the preſent Faction, in order to ſeduce the leſs diſcerning, have been hitherto *left to thoſe Scribblers of Sedition*, to ornament a Horſe-Race or Election-Paragraph, but have by Gentlemen been look'd upon as beneath their Utterance: Since, tho' the Expreſſion of the *Country Intereſt* might ſound well enough in the Ears of a giddy Rabble, yet, without *ſome certain Meaning*, it can be of little Service among the judicious Part of Mankind.

This occaſioned my reading with ſome *Tenderneſs* and *Concern*, an *Advertiſement* * from a *Gentleman* who offers himſelf for a CANDIDATE at the next General Election, and declares to the Electors he intends to ſtand upon the COUNTRY INTEREST.

Had the *Evening Bully* puffed him in this Manner, nobody would have been ſurprized at a Practice ſo common with that News-Gatherer: —— But to ſee a Gentleman ſo far *miſtake* his own *Dignity* and *Character*, as to repeat the *By-Word* of a *Party*, to the *Electors of a County*, muſt give ſenſible Concern to to every Man of Candour and Good-Nature who reads it: I am ſure ſuch was the Effect it had upon me; —— and I am far from improving this Opportunity to enlarge upon a Conduct that lies ſo open to Blame: —— All I intend by mentioning it, is, to prevent any other Gentleman from being overſeen in a Point ſo unworthy any Man properly qualified for a Repreſentative of the People of *Great Britain*.

For the Uſe of ſuch an Expreſſion, ſo uncommon in the Mouth of a *Candidate*, muſt naturally put the Electors upon Enquiry into the Characters of the Gentlemen who are at the Head of what is meant by *the Country Intereſt*.

If upon Enquiry it ſhould be found that they are the old Friends of the Proteſtant Intereſt, the known Supporters of the Conſtitution, and of the Houſe of *Hanover*; if they ſhould appear to be the ſame Gentlemen who oppos'd the deſtructive Meaſures purſued towards the Cloſe of a late Reign, and who exerted the utmoſt of their Endeavours in Defence of our Proteſtant Eſtabliſhment, when it was threatned in 1715; who have on every Occaſion ſhewn themſelves zealous Aſſerters of the Rights of the Subjects at home, and watchful Guardians of the Land from foreign Attacks; if they appear the *unſhaken Patriots* of the *People*, and the conſtant Promoters of our publick Peace and Proſperity, the Enemies of Feuds and Diſcontent, and the Cementers of our domeſtick Diviſions; then it muſt be confeſſed THEIR *Intereſt* and *Party* may properly be termed the INTEREST and PARTY of their COUNTRY: ——

But if at the Head of *this Party* ſhould be found Gentlemen who from their moſt early Appearance in Publick have diſtinguiſh'd themſelves in *oppoſing* the *Proteſtant* Eſtabliſhment, and ſtriving to *prevent* the Succeſſion of the illuſtrious Houſe upon the Throne; if they are found to be the *ſame Gentlemen* who have given *Countenance* and *Support* to the Deſigns of our Enemies abroad, and who have been ready, on every Occaſion, to foment our Diviſions at home: If among the moſt leading Members of *this* Country Party ſhould appear ſome Gentlemen who, under the once-favourite Name of *Tories*, were zealous enough to riſque themſelves and Fortunes in forwarding the Views of *Rome*, and introducing the *Pretender* upon the Throne of theſe Kingdoms; Gentlemen whoſe Reſentment againſt the publick Meaſures of the Government has always increas'd, as a Concern for the Liberties and Preſervation of our preſent Conſtitution has increaſed in the Adminiſtration; if they ſhould be known to have been warm Promoters of the Meaſures taken in the laſt Four Years of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, and zealous Aſſerters of the *Expediency* of thoſe Meaſures ever ſince: — If THESE ſhould be found the *principal Perſons* in the pretended *Country Intereſt* of the preſent Time, ſuch Gentlemen as are drawn to *their Party* will never be underſtood to intend the real Good of *Great Britain* and the *Proteſtant* Eſtabliſhment.

Hence it is eaſy to judge *who* are fitteſt for the SERVICE of the *Country*; it being obvious, that thoſe Gentlemen are moſt *in* the Intereſt of this *Proteſtant* Land, who are moſt zealous *againſt* the Views of *Rome*, and who have *always oppoſed*, and been *oppoſed by* the known Friends of the *Popiſh Intereſt* in theſe Kingdoms: —— Who *theſe are*, is as generally known to the *Electors* of *Great Britain*, as the *conſtant Behaviour* of thoſe who after trying various Means to *diſtreſs the* NATION, would now be thought the *Partizans* of their COUNTRY?

ALG. SIDNEY.

* *London Evening Poſt, Sept.* 20, 1739.

HOME PORTS.

Deal, Sept. 28. Wind S. S. E. Remain the Men of War and Tenders as by my former, with the Apollo, Brown, for Philadelphia. The Deakins, Taylor, is ſailed for Ireland. Arrived the Cornwall, Skinner, from Zant; the Britannia, Hutchinſon, from Barbades. Came down the Stubbington, Maugier, for Leghorn.

Deal, Sept. 29 Wind E. Remain the two Men of War and Tenders as per laſt. Sailed the Apollo, Brown; for Philadelphia; the Dragon, Neat, for ditto; and the Stubbington, Maugier, for Leghorn. Arrived from Holland and remain, 3 Dutch Ships for Eaſt India.

Graveſend, Sept. 28. Paſs'd by the Winter, Truman, from Gibraltar; the Charles, Teage, from Virginia; the Expedition, Bentley, from Rouen; the Cape Coaſt, Barton, from Guinea; the George and Jane, Melliſh, from North Carolina; the Partridge, Peirce, from Antigua; and the Stanton, Charnock, from Virginia.

Arrived at ſeveral Ports.

At Barbados, the Priſcilla, Brown, and the St. Andrew, Gibbs, from Madeira; the Abraham, Lawſon, from Barbary; the Sea Nymph, Aſhington, the Charming Suſanna, Collingwood; and the Thomas, Cliff, all from Africa; the Unity, Thompſon, from Cork; the Neptune, Ellis, from Limerick.

At Briſtol, the Triton, Biglow, from Jamaica.

At Dover, the Elizabeth, Lee, from South Carolina.

LONDON.

From the London Gazette.

Stockholm, Sept. 4. The two Frigates, one of 40, the other of 30 Guns, which convoy'd the Tranſport of the two raiſed Regiments ſent to Finland, returned laſt Week to the Dahlers. Numbers of Millers are here at Work to grind Corn, and Bakers to make it into Ammunition Bread, for the Tranſport of 6000 Men to Finland, and the Service of the other Troops already there.

Copenhagen, Sept. 26. Mr. Burnaby, his Britannick Majeſty's Secretary to the Court of Sweden, paſſed the Sound the 21ſt Inſtant, and is probably by this time at Stockholm.

Berlin, Sept. 26. N. S. Yeſterday Evening arrived here the Marquis de la Chetardie, the French Ambaſſador to the Czarina. This Morning his Excellency made the firſt Viſit to all the Foreign Miniſters here. The Marquis de Vallory, the French Miniſter appointed to reſide at this Court, is ſtill at Hamburg, and will not be here before the 28th or 29th Inſtant. They write from Wuſterhauſen, that the King of Pruſſia has the Gout in his Hand, and that his Majeſty appears inclin'd to remove ſoon from thence to this Place.

Dreſden, Sept. 30. N. S. Count Flemming, one of the Chamberlains, and Aide de Camp to the King of Poland, is ſet out for Munich with the Notification of the Birth of a Prince, and to deſire the Elector of Bavaria to be the firſt Sponſor for this Prince; and another Chamberlain, M. Detler Einſiddel, is gone to Vienna for the like Purpoſe, to the Archduchess Maria Anna; and Lieutenant Colonel Marzam is diſpatched to Peterſburg.

Kenſington, Sept. 27. This Day the Sieur Denay, Reſident from the Elector Palatine, had a private Audience of Leave of his Majeſty; to which he was introduced by the Right Hon. the Lord Harrington, one

one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and conducted by Sir Clement Cottrell, Kt. Master of the Ceremonies.

He had afterwards a private Audience of Leave of his Royal Highness the Duke, and of their Royal Highnesses the Princesses Amelia, Caroline, Mary, and Louisa; to which he was introduc'd by the Master of the Ceremonies.

The Mediterranean, Capt. Gardiner, bound for Leghorn, and who sail'd from the Downs with several other Merchant-ships the 10th of August last under the Convoy of the Salisbury Man of War, arrived at Gibraltar the 2d of September following, and would proceed on his Voyage from thence in a few Days under Convoy of a Man of War.

On Saturday a Common Hall was held for the Election of a Lord Mayor, when the Majority of Hands appearing for Sir John Salter and Sir Robert Godschall, they were accordingly declared; but a Poll being demanded for Sir George Champion, the Books were accordingly open'd at 4 o' Clock, but the Persons who had demanded it came soon after and gave it up. The Numbers polled were

For Sir John Salter	94
Sir Robert Godschall	91
Sir George Champion	21

The two former will this Day be returned to the Court of Aldermen, when they will proceed to a Scrutiny for the Choice of one to be Lord Mayor for the Year ensuing.

We hear, that his Grace the Duke of Bedford has given a large Sum to be distributed among poor Families, &c. on account of the Birth of his Son the Marquis of Tavistock.

Money is sent from the Pay-office in Broad-street to Portsmouth, to pay the Company of his Majesty's Ship the Kinsale lately arrived from Jamaica, to the Time of the Crew's being turn'd over to the Ruby.

Money is likewise sent to the Nore, to pay the Company of his Majesty's Sloop the Shark to the Time of their being turn'd over into the Colchester.

Also to pay the Company of his Majesty's Ships the Chatham and Newcastle to the 31st of December last.

Last Saturday Morning two Noblemen in a Coach and Six, attended by two Servants on Horseback, were robb'd by a single Highwayman on Epping Forest to a considerable Value.

Last Week a curious Statue in Brass, done by Mr. Scheemakers of Westminster, was erected on a Marble Pedestal in the Inner Court of St. Thomas's Hospital Southwark, with the following Inscription:

This Statue
of King Edward the Sixth,
a most Excellent Prince,
of Exemplary Piety, and Wisdom
above his Years,
the Glory and Ornament of his Age,
and most Munificent Founder
of this Hospital,
was erected at the Expence
of Charles Joy, Esquire,
the late worthy Treasurer thereof,
by the Appointment of his Will
in the Year 1737.

Last Friday Night, the House of Mr. Gayner, a working Goldsmith, at the Bottom of Hay-hill Piccadilly, fell down, and notwithstanding 12 or 14 Persons were at that time in Bed in the House and fell with it to the Ground, none of them received any Hurt.

Last Saturday the Prince of Salm, a Lieutenant General in the Emperor's Service arrived here from the Court of Vienna.

'Tis now said, that 15 new Regiments of Horse, Dragoons, Foot, and Marines will be raised by next Spring.

On Saturday last died, at his House in Sackville-street, the Wife of Thomas Fane, Esq; one of the Clerks Extraordinary of the Council, and also one of the Clerks of the Treasury, and Nephew to Baron Scrope, Member for Lyme-Regis, and Secretary to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint Lewis Augustus Blondeau, Esq; Gentleman to his Grace the Duke of Dorset, Lord Steward of his Majesty's Household, to be one of the Gentlemen-Ushers to his Majesty; a Place worth 500 l. per Ann.

On Saturday last the famous William Egerton, otherwise Baker, otherwise Clarke, otherwise Shock, just returned from Transportation; one Lewis Robinson, and Abraham Izard, otherwise the Bird-Catcher, the Three most notorious Pickpockets, and Protectors of the Irish Women who also pick Pockets at the Playhouses, were committed to Bridewell and the Gatehouse, by Sir John Gonson and Col. De Veil, being apprehended the Night before at the Playhouses, where they were waiting for their Prey upon the People's coming out.

BANKRUPTS.

Thomas Maling, late of Colchester in the County Essex, Mercer.

William Hunt, of Twickenham, in the County of Middlesex, Tanner.

High Water this Day at London Bridge.	Morning	Evening
	10 22	11 00

Bank Stock 139. India 155. South Sea 94. Old Annuity 109 1-4th. New ditto 107. Three per Cent 98 1-4th. Seven per Cent. Loan 109 1-half. Five per Cent. ditto 94 1-half. Royal Assurance 90. London Assurance 11 1-4th. African 13 1-half. India Bonds 3 l. 1 s. Premium. South Sea ditto 1 l. Prem. Bank Circulation 2 l. Prem. Salt Tallies 1-half to 1 1-half Prem. English Copper 3 l. 8 s. Welsh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 99 1-half. Three per Cent. ditto 94 1-4th. Million Bank 114. Equivalent 112 1-8th. Lottery Tickets 5 l 8 s.

Custom-house, London, September 27. 1739.

For SALE,

By Order of the Honourable Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs, &c.

ON Wednesday the 10th of October, 1739. at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, will be put up to Sale in the Long Room in the Custom-house, London,

Several Parcels of Bohea and Green Tea, with some Coffee, clear of all Duties.

To be seen at the King's Warehouse on Monday the 8th and Tuesday the 9th of October, and in the Morning before the Sale, between the Hours of Eight and Twelve in the Forenoon, and Three and Five in the Afternoon, where Catalogues will be delivered.

Custom-House, London, September 28. 1739.

WHEREAS on Friday the 7th of this Instant September at Night, Mr. Robert Johnson, an Officer of the Customs at Shoreham in Sussex, was out upon Duty near a Place called Hoove on the Sea Coast, in Company with a Corporal, two Dragoons, and two other Persons, where they saw a Cutter near the Shore, and a Gang of Smugglers of about Thirty armed Men and as many Horses loaded with Tea, upon which the said Officer and Soldiers pursued and overtook the said Smugglers; but on Mr Johnson's attempting to do his Duty by seizing their Goods, several of the Smugglers struck him, and knock'd him off of his Horse: They likewise seized the said Johnson and Soldiers, taking from them their Arms, and afterwards went off with their Goods. In Order, therefore, to discover and bring to Justice any of the aforesaid Offenders, the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs do hereby give Notice, That in pursuance of an Act of Parliament, passed in the Ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign, any Person or Persons who shall apprehend and take any of the said Offenders, will be entitled to a Reward of Fifty Pounds, for every such Offender they shall apprehend, to be paid by the Receiver-General of the Customs, on Conviction. And the said Commissioners do hereby promise the further Reward of Twenty Pounds each, to any Persons, who shall discover One or more, not exceeding Three of the said Offenders, to be paid in like Manner.

Signed by Order of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs,

Chs Carkesse, Sec.

RICH ROBIN'S ALMANACK.

Calculated to the Meridian of the County of Norfolk.

(POOR ROBIN'S ALMANACK having been publish'd many Years.)

At Shrovetide Only, Sticks at Cocks are Thrown,
But all the Year can't Knock one Single Robin down.

With an exact Calculation of Rich Robin's Nativity.

This Book is Given Gratis, Up One Pair of Stairs, at the Sign of the Famous ANODYNE NEKLACE, for Children's TEETH. Fits, Fevers, Convulsions, &c. over-against Devereux Court without Temple-Bar; and at Mr. Bradshaw's Daffy's and Stoughton's Elixir Warehouse, the Golden Key, under the Back Piazza of the Royal Exchange.

Note, Next Year will be publish'd a New *Rich* Robin's Almanack for 1740.

Speedily will be Published,

(*Being in the Press, and almost quite finish'd*)

NEUROPATHIA, sive de Morbis Hypochondriacis & Hystericis Libri tres: Poema hoc dicum. Cui præmittitur Dissertatio epistolaris, soluta lo mone, conscripta ejusdem Argumenti.

Autore MILCOLUMBO FLEMYNG, *M. D.*

Eboraci excudebant Cæsar Ward & Richardus Chandler, ptibus Autoris.

This Day is Published,

The EFFIGIES of Sir *Walter Raleigh*

Curiously engraven by Mr. *Vertue*, from an Original Pain belonging to the Family.

Printed for *J. Walthoe*, over-against the Royal Exchang Cornhill.

Of whom may be had,

The LIFE of Sir WALTER RALEGH; newly Compil from Materials more ample and authentick than have yet publish'd. By Mr. OLDYS.

Also,

The HISTORY of the WORLD. By Sir WALTER RALEGH. The *Eleventh Edition*. Printed from a Copy by himself.

TINCTURA MIRIFICA;

OR,

The Admirable TINCTURE, *which infallibly cures* STONE *and* GRAVEL, *whether in the* KIDNEYS, URETERS, *or* BLADDER. *and also the* Stoppage of Urine, *and all* Heat, Pain *and* Difficulty *in* Making Water.

A Few Drops of it momentarily take off the most excruciating Pains in the REINS BLADDER, and certainly prevent their Return; for infallibly cures that Distemper in an extraordinary Manner instantly removes all Uneasiness or Difficulty in mak Water, heals all Excoriations, and even Ulcers of t Urinary Passages, relaxes the Ureters, so that small Stone together with Gravel, and all mucous slimy obstruct Matter may pass freely from the Kidnys, to be with visibly with Urine, without Pain; effectually cleanse t Reins, Ureters, and Bladder from all Impurities, and prevents the Stone in those who are troubled with t Gravel only; assuredly dissolves all large Stones, possible dissolved; and likewise brings all the Urinary Parts Passages to their due Tone and Vigour, so as perfectly free the Patient from all the terrible Symptoms and mi able Effects of that torturing Disease.

It is the safest Medicine in the World, and not disagre able to take; the very first Dose of it absolutely cures t most dreadful Fit of either Stone or Gravel, in a Minu giving such wonderful Relief and perfect Ease, as is ind very surprizing; and this great Numbers of Persons of Ve have experienced, to their infinite Satisfaction.

It is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyshop, at the K and Crown against St. Clement's Church-Yard in the Stra at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions.

The only short and infallible Cure

For that reigning Disease the SCURVY, and all Scorbutick Hu tho' arrived to the highest and most inveterate Degree, ever so many Years standing, and that without any confine cution or the least Purging, which by an unaccountable M is generally advised, although always found rather to increa confirm the Scurvy than cure it.

By the so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS:

WHICH, without the least Trouble Confinement, or any Disorder whatever, drive out from at the true Cause of the Scurvy, and intirely destroy it, Scorbutick Humours and Effects, Root and Branch, so as not return again, as many Thousands of both Sexes have experienc and as all who take them in 3 Days time will be convinced; they almost instantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify Blood, sweeten all the Fluids, cleanse them from Impurities, directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions, or Breakings out, Wea of the Limbs, languid Heaviness of the whole Body, wandring Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Sym toms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies concealed u the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately creating Appetite, causing a regular and easy Digestion of Food, and all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages (whence p ceed Head-achs, Vapours and other Indispositions) no Drops ma other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, inasmu that besides infallibly curing the Scurvy in all its Shapes and A pearances, they also assuredly and immediately cure the Green-Sic in Virgins, Worms of all Kinds in young or old, and almost other Chronick Diseases, (which are chiefly occasioned by Indigest and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and consequ prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illnesses.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen enliven the whole Machine, and assoon as taken, make the Pulse pleasantly Lightsome, Brisk and Vigorous to admiration, and good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to restore found and healthy State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and pleasant Chymical Drops have so universally gain'd among Persons of Fashion for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humours, and other Chronick Diseases, in such an easy agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to impose them, under the same, and others under other Names: Be cautious therefore not to be deceiv'd; but be sure to have the Right, which the Author's special Appointment, are to be had only at the Gen dewoman's, at the Two Blue Posts, in Haydon-Yard, in the Mi norics, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions.

LONDON: Printed for T. COOPER, at the *Globe* in *Pater-noster Row.*